U.S. Patent Application No. 10/721,695

Reply to Office Action of April 17, 2007 and Advisory Action dated July 11, 2007

Request for Continued Examination Dated: July 17, 2007

Remarks/Arguments

The Rejection of Claims 2, 4-6, 8, 11, and 16-21 Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The Examiner rejected Claims 2, 4-6, 8, 11, and 16-21 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,018,415 (Woo) in view of Leitz Service "Ergolux B 0 1-Ersatztelliste" (the Leitz Service Manual). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection and request reconsideration for the following reasons.

As Examiner is aware, although limitations from the specification can not be read into the claims, the "[c]laims are not to be read in a vacuum, and limitations therein are to be interpreted in light of the specification in giving them their 'broadest reasonable interpretation'." M.P.E.P. § 2111.01 quoting In re Marosi, 710 F.2d 799, 802 (Fed. Cir. 1983) (emphasis in original). Therefore, Applicants courteously submit that in determining the broadest reasonable interpretation for amended independent Claims 2, 16 and 17, the disclosure in the specification must also be taken into account.

For example, Applicants described that:

"[D]ue to the variety of microscopists using these instruments, both left and righthanded stages are required. The location of the stage control mechanism is on the side of the stage matching the user's predominant hand of use. Having to match the stage configuration to the microscopist's predominate hand creates difficulty during manufacture of products. Each microscope must be either a left-handed or a right-handed microscope. After the assembly is complete, changing the configuration requires significant disassembly and reassembly time, as well as requiring a complete additional stage mechanism. This problem also requires microscope manufacturers to maintain inventories of both left-handed and right-handed stage assemblies." (Instant Application, Para. [0007]).

Applicants' invention is directed at solving the above described problem. Thus, Applicants teach the embodiment of Figure 2 "having stage movement means 10 operatively arranged for righthanded use," and the embodiment of Figure 3 "having [the same] stage movement means 10 operatively arranged for left-handed use." (Instant Application, Paras. [0026] and [0028]). The present invention "stage assembly is adapted to receive the interchangeable, bidirectional, ergonomic stage assembly movement means," wherein the "stage movement means can be

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operatively arranged in several locations on the stage assembly to allow bidirectional movement of a specimen on the stage. (Instant Application, Para. [0022]) (emphasis added).

Applicants respectfully assert that in view of the disclosure in the specification, the broadest reasonable interpretation for the limitations of "a rod having a manually operable distal portion; and, a releasable attachment means, wherein said releasable attachment means is arranged to attach said rod to said slide mount and to interchange said distal portion between the left and right sides of said upper stage" as recited in Applicants' amended Claim 2, is to interpret the limitations to describe a rod having a distal portion which may be positioned on either the left or right side of the stage, i.e., configurable on either side dependant on the predominant hand of the user. Thus, separate sets of parts are not required for both versions, or in other words, a common set of parts may be configured for either left or right handed use. As such, the instant invention microscope stage assembly may be configured in the factory for a particular hand, left or right, and/or end users of the instant invention may modify this arrangement if they desire to use a different hand.

Similarly, Applicants' amend Claim 16 recites "a releasable attachment means, wherein said releasable attachment means is arranged to releasably attach said shaft to said slide mount guide and to interchange said gripping end between said left and right sides of said upper stage" Thus, Applicants respectfully assert that the broadest reasonable interpretation of amended Claim 16 includes a shaft that is attachable to the slide mount guide, wherein the gripping end of the shaft may be interchanged between the left and right sides of the upper stage, similar to the arrangement described above.

In like fashion, Applicants' amended Claim 17 recites "a joystick having a manually operable distal portion and a proximal attachment portion, said proximal attachment portion detachably secured directly to the slide mount guide at more than one location of said slide mount guide permitting interchange of said distal portion between the left and right sides of said upper stage." Thus, the limitations of amended Claim 17, clearly recite an arrangement where the joystick, and more specifically the distal portion, may be interchangeably attached for both left and right handed use.

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Contrarily, Applicants courteously submit that the device taught by Woo does not include a releasable attachment means arranged to attach a rod having a manually operable distal portion to a slide mount and to interchange the distal portion between the left and right sides of an upper stage, as recited in Applicants' amended Claim 2. Additionally, Woo fails to teach a stage movement means having a releasable attachment means arranged to releasably attach a shaft having a gripping end to a slide mount guide and to interchange the gripping end between the left and right sides of the upper stage, as recited in Applicants' amended Claim 16. Lastly, Woo fails to teach a stage movement device comprising a joystick detachably secured directly to the slide mount guide at more than one location of the slide mount guide permitting interchange of the distal portion of the joystick between the left and right sides of said upper stage, as recited in Applicants' amended Claim 17.

Applicants respectfully assert that Woo teaches X-Y table 40 having "[a] joystick 43 ... fixed to the stage ... of the X-Y table 40 of the present invention." (Woo, Col. 5, lines 6 through 7; Figs. 4 and 6). As one of ordinary skill in the art recognizes, the fixed joystick of Woo is wholly inadequate to be interchanged between the left and right sides of X-Y table 40, as only a single position for joystick 43 is shown and described in Woo, i.e., a right handed position, and furthermore, X-axis moving plate 42 does not include any feature capable of permitting the arrangement of joystick 43 in any position other than a right handed position. As such, it is impossible to configure the Woo device for left and right handed users, as recited in Applicants' amended Claims 2, 16 and 17.

Similarly, the Leitz Service Manual does not include a releasable attachment means arranged to attach a rod having a manually operable distal portion to a slide mount and to interchange the distal portion between the left and right sides of the upper stage, as recited in Applicants' amended Claim 2. Additionally, the Leitz Service Manual fails to teach a stage movement means having a releasable attachment means arranged to releasably attach a shaft having a gripping end to a slide mount guide and to interchange the gripping end between the left and right sides of the upper stage, as recited in Applicants' amended Claim 16. Lastly, the Leitz Service Manual fails to teach a stage movement device comprising a joystick detachably secured

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directly to the slide mount guide at more than one location of the slide mount guide permitting interchange of the distal portion of the joystick between the left and right sides of said upper stage, as recited in Applicants' amended Claim 17.

Applicants respectfully assert that the Leitz Service Manual discloses upper part 44 having handle 25 secured thereto. (See Figures). As is best shown in the exploded view figure, upper part 44 includes an extended portion on its right side (when viewed from the perspective of a user of the microscope), while the left side of upper part 44 does not include a similar extended portion. Therefore, in short, the stage assembly taught in the Leitz Service Manual is only configurable for right handed users. As one of ordinary skill in the art recognizes, the handle of the Leitz Service Manual is wholly inadequate to be interchanged between the left and right sides of upper part 44, as only a single position for handle 25 is shown and described in the Leitz Service Manual, i.e., a right handed position, and furthermore, upper part 44 does not include any feature capable of permitting the arrangement of handle 25 in any position other than a right handed position. As such, the Leitz Service Manual fails to cure the defects of Woo, i.e., it does not teach the limitations missing from Woo which are recited in Applicants' amended Claims 2, 16 and 17. Thus, as "[e] very element of the claimed invention must be literally present arranged as in the claim," Woo in view of the Leitz Service Manual fail to teach every element of the claimed invention arranged as in amended Claims 2, 16 and 17. Richardson v. Suzuki Motor Co., 868 F.2d 1226, 1236 (Fed. Cir. 1989) (emphasis added).

In order to establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness, the references alone or in combination must teach or suggest all the limitations of Applicant's claimed invention. *In re Vaeck*, 947 F.2d 488, 20 U.S.P.Q.2d 1438 (Fed. Cir. 1991). Thus, as amended independent Claims 2, 16 and 17 each contain at least one element that is not disclosed in the cited references, it generally follows that amended Claims 2, 16 and 17 are patentable over *Woo* in view of the *Leitz Service Manual*. Dependent Claims 4-6, 8, 11, 18 and 19 contain all of the limitations of amended independent Claim 2, due to their dependency therefrom. Thus, as amended Claim 2 is non-obvious in view of *Woo*, and further in view of the *Leitz Service Manual*, due to the missing elements, it necessarily follows that Claims 4-6, 8, 11, 18 and 19 are also non-obvious in view of

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Woo, and further in view of the Leitz Service Manual, due to their dependency from amended Claim 2. Similarly, dependent Claim 20 contains all of the limitations of amended independent Claim 16, due to its dependency therefrom. Thus, as amended Claim 16 is non-obvious in view of Woo, and further in view of the Leitz Service Manual, due to the missing elements, it necessarily follows that Claim 20 is also non-obvious in view of Woo, and further in view of the Leitz Service Manual, due to its dependency from amended Claim 16. Dependent Claim 21 contains all of the limitations of amended independent Claim 17, due to its dependency therefrom. Thus, as amended Claim 17 is non-obvious in view of Woo, and further in view of the Leitz Service Manual, due to the missing elements, it necessarily follows that Claim 21 is also non-obvious in view of Woo, and further in view of the Leitz Service Manual, due to its dependency from amended Claim 17.

Accordingly, withdrawal of the rejections of Claims 2, 4-6, 8, 11 and 16-21 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) is appropriate and respectfully requested.

The Rejection of Claims 3, 9 and 10 Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The Examiner rejected Claims 3, 9 and 10 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Woo in view of the Leitz Service Manual as applied to Claim 2 further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,049,420 (Kraft). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection for the reasons stated above and the following reasons.

As described supra, Woo and the Leitz Service Manual fail to teach all the elements of Applicants' amended Claim 2. Furthermore, Kraft does not cure the defects of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual regarding the elements of amended Claim 2 that are not taught or disclosed by these references, i.e., a releasable attachment means arranged to attach a rod to a slide mount and to interchange a distal portion of the rod between the left and right sides of an upper stage.

Hence, as amended independent Claim 2 contains elements that are not disclosed in the cited references, it follows that amended Claim 2 is also patentable over Woo in view of the Leitz Service Manual and further in view of Kraft. Dependent Claims 3, 9 and 10 contain all of the limitations of amended independent Claim 2, due to their dependency therefrom. Thus, as

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amended Claim 2 is non-obvious in view of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual, and further in view of Kraft due to the missing elements, it necessarily follows that Claims 3, 9 and 10 are also non-obvious in view of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual, and further in view of Kraft, due to their dependency from amended Claim 2. Applicants request reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of Claims 3, 9 and 10.

The Rejection of Claims 7 and 12-14 Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The Examiner rejected Claims 7 and 12-14 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Woo in view of the Leitz Service Manual as applied to Claim 2 further in view of U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0169492 (Nishida et al.). **Applicants** respectfully traverse this rejection for the reasons stated above and the following reasons.

Again as described supra, Woo and the Leitz Service Manual fail to teach all the elements of Applicants' amended Claim 2. Furthermore, Nishida et al. do not cure the defects of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual regarding the elements of amended Claim 2 that are not taught or disclosed by these references, i.e., a releasable attachment means arranged to attach a rod to a slide mount and to interchange a distal portion of the rod between the left and right sides of an upper stage.

Hence, as amended independent Claim 2 contains elements that are not disclosed in the cited references, it follows that amended Claim 2 is also patentable over Woo in view of the Leitz Service Manual and further in view of Nishida et al.. Dependent Claims 7 and 12-14 contain all of the limitations of amended independent Claim 2, due to their dependency therefrom. Thus, as amended Claim 2 is non-obvious in view of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual, and further in view of Nishida et al. due to the missing elements, it necessarily follows that Claims 7 and 12-14 are also non-obvious in view of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual, and further in view of Nishida et al., due to their dependency from amended Claim 2. Applicants request reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of Claims 7 and 12-14.

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The Rejection of Claim 15 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The Examiner rejected Claim 15 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Woo in view of the Leitz Service Manual as applied to Claim 2 further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,907,157 (Yoshioka et al.). Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection for the reasons stated above and the following reasons.

Once again as described supra, Woo and the Leitz Service Manual fail to teach all the elements of Applicants' amended Claim 2. Furthermore, Yoshioka et al. do not cure the defects of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual regarding the elements of amended Claim 2 that are not taught or disclosed by these references, i.e., a releasable attachment means arranged to attach a rod to a slide mount and to interchange a distal portion of the rod between the left and right sides of an upper stage.

Hence, as amended independent Claim 2 contains elements that are not disclosed in the cited references, it follows that amended Claim 2 is also patentable over Woo in view of the Leitz Service Manual and further in view of Yoshioka et al.. Dependent Claim 15 contains all of the limitations of amended independent Claim 2, due to its dependency therefrom. amended Claim 2 is non-obvious in view of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual, and further in view of Yoshioka et al. due to the missing elements, it necessarily follows that Claim 15 is also non-obvious in view of Woo and the Leitz Service Manual, and further in view of Yoshioka et al., due to its dependency from amended Claim 2. Applicants request reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection of Claim 15.

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Conclusion

Applicants respectfully submit that the present application is in condition for allowance, which action is courteously requested. The Examiner is invited and encouraged to contact the undersigned attorney of record if such contact will facilitate an efficient examination and allowance of the application.

Respectfully submitted,

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